



Indatjana le ikhuluma ngomSewula Afrika odume
khulu kwezobukghwari ephasini mazombe.

Nangabe ufuna ukufunda ngezobukghwari,
kufanele ufunde ngoMmakgabo Helen Sebidi.

Indabakhe ithoma nakabelethwako ngomnyaka
we-1943 eMarapyane, ngeMpumalanga.



UMmakgabo nakakhulako, ugogwakhe wamfundisa
ukukghuphula nokusinda phasi.

UMmakgabo wafunda ukusebenza ngedaka, apara
imithangala ukwenza imihlobiso, wafunda nokutshidza
phasi asebenzisa ubulongwe. Wafunda ukubumba
nokuhlobisa iinkapho ngemincamo.



Ugogo uMetato wafundisa uMmakgabo ukukorotjha, ukuthunga nokufensa.

UMmakgabo bekabuya emndenini otlhagako, begodu kwafuneka bona athole umsebenzi asesemncani aneminyaka eli-16.

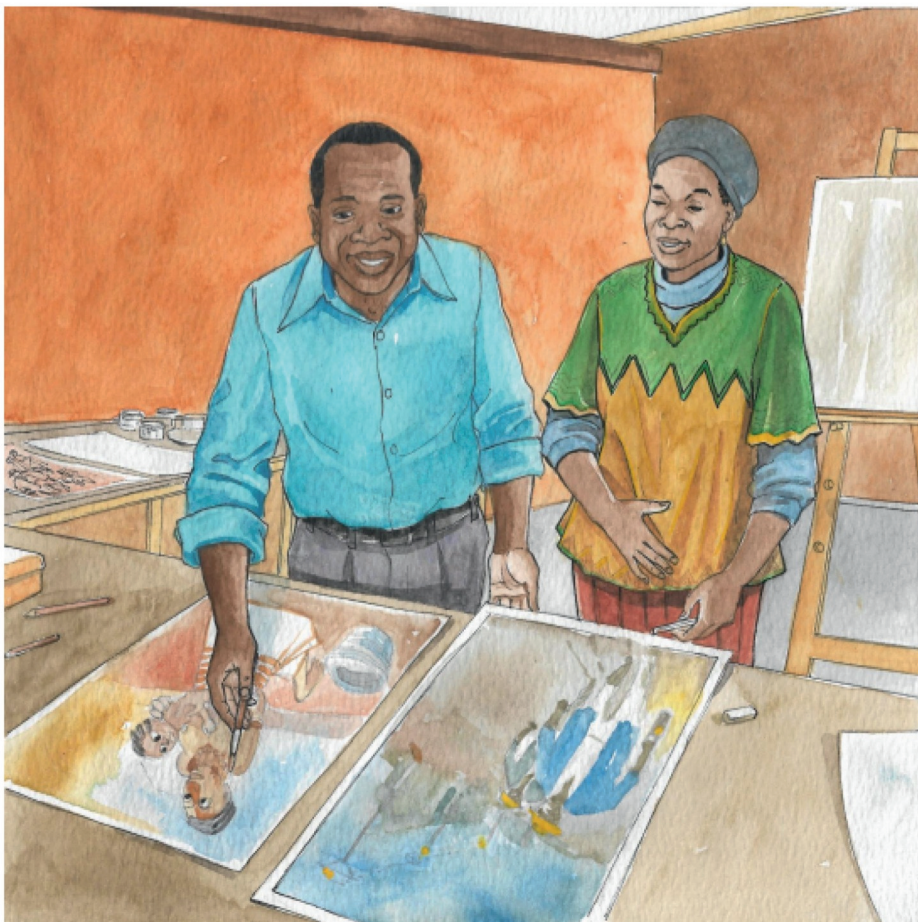
Wafuduka waya eJohannesburg wasebenza waba ngunomakhwitjhi.



Ngelinye ilanga uMmakgabo waba nekaroko nakabona ubukghwari obabe bugwalwe mqatjhakhe. Wakhamba wayomthengela iimpende zakhe ze-oli zokuthoma.

Waragela phambili wapenda angabonwa mumuntu.

Umqatjhakhe wararwa siphiso sakhe begodu wamkhuthaza ukobana afundele iimfundo zobukghwari.



UMmakgabo walemuka bona sekatlhoga iimfundo zobukghwari ezisemthethweni.

Wakhamba wayozitlolisela ukufunda iimfundo zobukghwari e-*White Studio* eSophiatown.

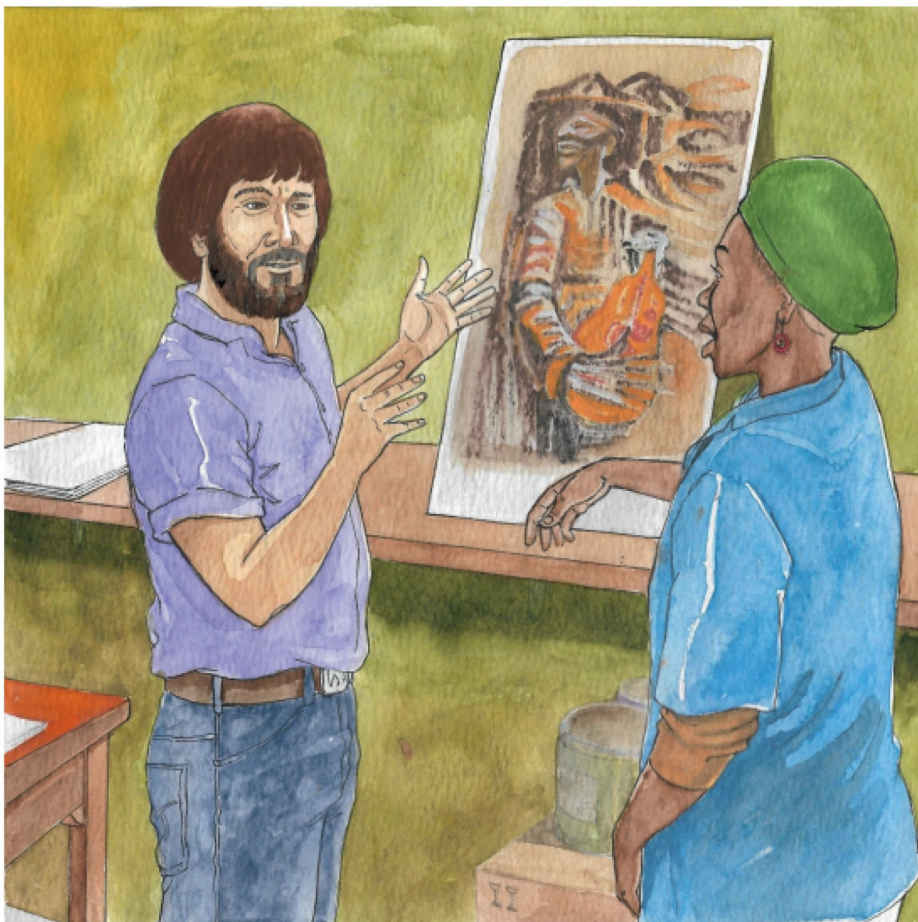
Utijherakhe wabe amgwali odumileko kunguKeonakeefe Mohl. Waba ngumeluleki kaMmakgabo begodu wamsiza.



UMmakgabo wabe athanda ukudweba izehlakalo zeMarapyane, zalapha akhulela khona.

Wabe adweba abomma ababuya engomeni namkha abalima emasimini.

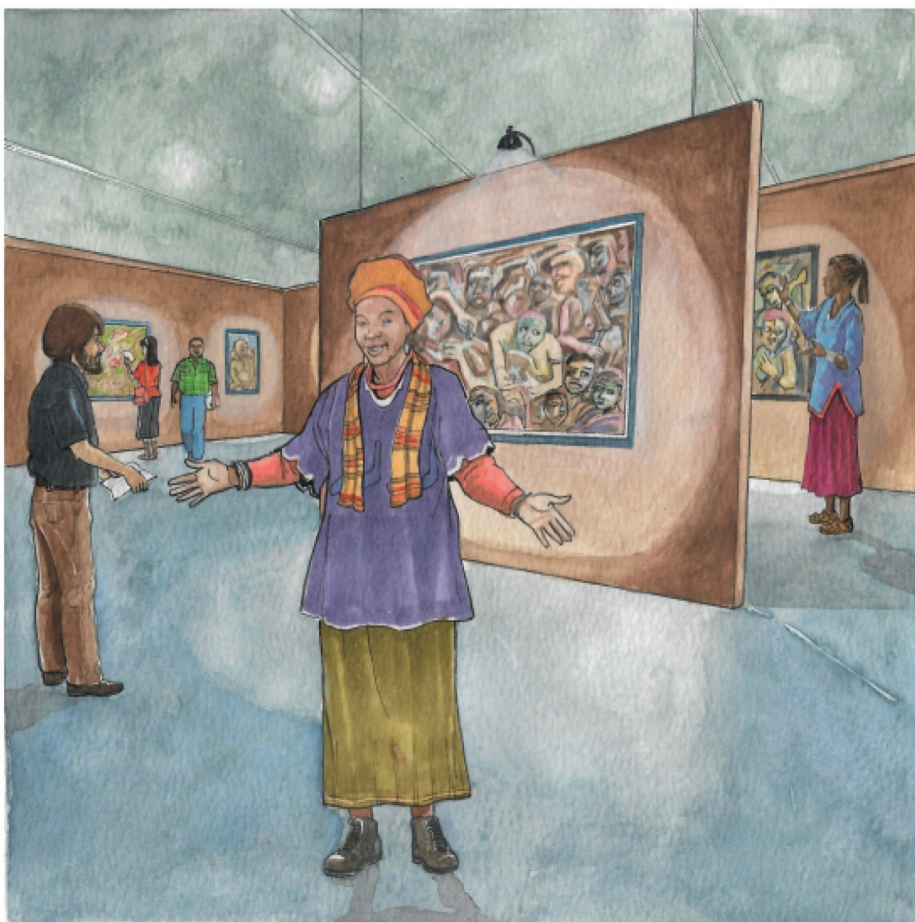
Wabe adweba izehlakalo ezenzeka kwamambala.



UMmakgabo wahlangana nomdwebi obizwa ngokuthiwa nguBill Ainslie, owamukhuthaza ukobana agwale.

Lokhu kwabe kuhlukile kunesitayela ebegade asisebenzisa ukugwala izehlakalo zendawo akhulela kiyo.

UMmakgabo wasebenza ngamandla wazijayeza ukugwala.



UMmakgabo wafundisa abantwana abancani ukugwala eKathlehong Arts Centre.

Wabandula nabanye godu abagwali. Naye waragela phambili nokuthuthukisa isitayela sakhe sokugwala begodu nokusebenzisa amanye amametheriyali wokugwala.

Kwesinye isikhathi bekakhangisa ngeenthombe zakhe nabanye abagwali bese uthengisa iinthombe zakhe zobukghwari.



Umsebenzi kaMmakgabo utjengisa ubudisi bepilo yabomma eenkomplasi zeSewula Afrika kanye neendaweni zemaplasini.

Bekaqalene neendaba zehlalakhule kanye nepolotiki. Umsebenzakhe ngesikhathi sebandlululo bewutjengisa indlela abantu abaNzima ebebatlhaga ngayo.

Esinye seenthombe zakhe esabe sidume khulu ngileso esihlanganiswe ngeencucwana esibizwa ngokuthiwa yi- 'Tears of Africa' (1988).



UMmakgabo waba nomkhangiso wakhe wokuthoma ngomnyaka we-1986.

Wabe angumma wokuthoma womuntu oNzima eSewula Afrika ukuba nomkhangiso wemigwalo ekungeyakhe.

Umkhangiso oyipumelelo lo wabe ungewesitayela sakhe ayedwa. UMMakgabo waduma khulu ngesitayela leso.



UMmakgabo watlonyeliswa ngomfundalize we-Fulbright ukobana akhambe ayokufunda e-Amerika.

Umfundalize lo wamsiza ukobana anqophe kwezobukhwari nokobana athuthukise ibizelo lakhe.

Umsebenzi kaMmakgabo wezobukhwari wakhangiswa e-Europe, England, kanye ne-Amerika.



Imigwalo kaMmakgabo ibekwe emyuziyamu nakumagalari ephasini mazombe.

Umgwali ohloniphekileko begodu uthandwa babantu boke.

Ngesimanga somnikelo wakhe kwezobukghwari eSewula Afrika, uMmakgabo wanikelwa unongorwana womLayo kaMengameli we-Ikhamanga ngomnyaka we-2004.



UMmakgabo watjengisa bona umuntu angaba ngilokho afuna ukuba ngikho.

Begodu ukulalela kwakhe ugogwakhe kwamenza bona aphumelele.

UMmakgabo wathi, "Ugogwami ophile bewafika eminyakeni eli-115, wangifundisa yoke into engiyaziko."



—Imibuzo

1. Itjho bona ugogo kaMmakgabo wamfundisa ini uMmakgabo?
2. Wathoma njani ukugwala uMmakgabo?
3. Kubayini ucabanga bona waphumelela ekugwaleni?
4. Yini oyithandako ngoMme Sebidi?
5. Dweba namkha gwala isithombe sento namkha somuntu oqakathekileko kuwe.



Indatjana esencwadini le yabunjwa begodu
yatlolwa ngelimi leSetswana, njengengceny
yephrojekthi yamamatheriyali wokufunda we-Zenex
Ulwazi Lwethu we-2021.