



USuku loXolelwani

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EMzantsi Afrika, uSuku loXolelwaniso
lungomhla we-16 kweyoMnga.

Le ncwadi imalunga noSuku loXolelwaniso.

Apha uza kufumana imbali ngalo nokuba
kutheni lubalulekile nje.



Utagomkhulu ubukele umabonakude ngoSuku
loXolelwaniso.

“Tatomkhulu, yintoni uMkhonto weSizwe? Kwaye
yintoni uxolelwaniso?” wabuza uPuseletso.

“Ubuza imibuzo emininzi ngaxesha nye. Mamela,
yitsho ndikufundise!” watsho utatomkhulu.



"UMkhonto weSizwe yayingumkhosi weANC.

Wawusilwa norhulumente wobandlululo.

Ucalucalulo Iwaluchasene nomntu omnyama,"
wachaza utatomkhulu.

"Namhlanje abantu banochulumanco kuba lusuku
loxolo noxolelwaniiso," watsho.



"Usakhumbula ngokuya wawungathethisani noDikeledi kangangeveki?" wabuza utatomkhulu.

Wanqwala uPuseletso.

"Kancinci kancinci naphinda naba ngabahlobo kwakhona?" Wanqwala kwakhona uPuseletso.

"Luxolo noxolelwaniso ke oko," watsho encuma utatomkhulu



"Umhla we16 kweyoMnga lusuku loxolo
noxolelwaniso," waqhuba watsho utatomkhulu.

"Le mini inembali ende. Ibal iqlala ngemfazwe
eyenzeka kudala, ngomhla we16 kweyoMnga
ngowe1838."



"Ngaloo mini ezimbalini, amajoni kaKumkani uDingane
wamaZulu kwakunye nabeLungu beMfuduko
(Voortrekkers), balwa imfazwe enkuLu, kufutshane
nomlambo iNcome."

"Ngubani owaphumelelayo?" wabuza uPuseletso.



Utagomkhulu waphendula wathi, "AbeLungu
beMfuduko baphumelela. Ixesha elide babebhiyozela
uloyiso lwabo ngolu suku. Baluthiya bathi luSuku
lwesiBhambathiso."



Kwathi ngonyaka we1962 ngomhla we16 kweyoMnga,
kwaqulunqwa uMkhonto weSizwe.

Yayingamajoni eANC awayelungele ukulwa
norhulumente wobandlululo.



"Tatomkhulu, yintoni eyabangela ukuba uMkhonto weSizwe ufune ukulwa nocalucalulo emva kweminyaka engaka?" wabuza uPuseletso.

"Zazininzi izizathu. Into eyenzeka kuqhankqalazo olwabangelwa yinkcaso yeDompasi yayisesinye sezizathu," watsho utatomkhulu.

"Yintoni iDompasi?" wabuza uPuseletso.



Utagomkhulu waphendula, "IDompasi luhlobo oludala iwasazisi. Bonke abantu abamnyama babenyanzelekile ukuba basiphathethi esisazisi."

"Ngonyaka we1960, kwimatshi ezolileyo eyayichasene nokuphathwa kwesazisi iDompasi, amapolisa obandlululo ahlasela abaqhankqalazi, aze abulala kwaye onzakalisa abantu eSharpeville."



"Ungquzulwano Iwangaphambili olwaluphakathi kwabantu abamnyama nabamhlopho Iwadala umsantsa," watsho encwina utatomkhulu.

"Ubuhlobo bakhekha kuphela xa kukho inyaniso. Kufanele kwaziwe okwenzeka phakathi komntu omnyama nomlungu ngenxa yocalucalulo," watsho.



"Ingaba kulula ukuxolelana emva kokulwa okungaka?"
wabuza uPuseletso.

"Hayi! Akukho lula. Kodwa ukuze kuyiwe phambili,
uxolo noxolelwaniso lubalulekile eluntwini,"
waphendula utatomkhulu.

"Uxolelwaniso alukhawulezi, luthatha ixesha elide,"
wongeza njalo.



"Xa umntu ethe wenza impazamo komnye, kufuneka athethe inyaniso kwaye acele uxolo kulowo amonileyo.

Emva koko bangaqala ukulungisa ubudlelwane phakathi kwabo," wacacisa uTatomkhulu.

"Uye wamamela kakuhle. Ke ngoko, masibukele into oyithandayo kumabonakude!" watsho encumile utatomkhulu.

—Imibuzo

1. Lubhiyozelwa nini uSuku loXolelwaniso?
Kutheni olu suku lwenziwe iholide nje?
2. Yintoni uMkhonto weSizwe?
3. Yayingobani abeLungu beMfuduko?
4. Yayiyintoni ucalucalulo?
5. Ngawakho amazwi, chaza intsingiselo
'yoXolelwaniso.'
6. Abantu bangalufumana njani
uxolelwaniso?

—Iincwadi ezikolu luHlu

- USuku loXolelwaniSo
- USuku lweNkululeko
- USuku lwezaMafa
- USuku lwamaLungelo oLuntu
- USuku looMama
- USuku lwabaSebenzi
- USuku loLutsha

Le ncwadi iqlunqwe yaze yabhalwa
nge Setswana, njengenxaleny eprojekthi
yezixhobo zokufunda yeZenex Ulwazi Lwethu
ka2020.



Ulwazi Lwethu is a Zenex Foundation funded and initiated project to develop a series of graded and leisure African language readers and teacher support materials. This project is targeted at teaching and supporting learners in the Foundation Phase to improve their home language reading and understanding. The readers have been originated in nine African languages in collaboration with Molteno Institute for Language and Literacies, Nelson Mandela Institute for Education and Rural Development, Room to Read South Africa, and Saide. All resources are developed as Open Education Resources (OER).



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