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EMzantsi Afrika umhla we9 kweyeThupha, yiholide.
LuSuku lwaBasetyhini kwisizwe sonke jikelele.

Eli bali lingembali yaloo mini, nokuba kutheni
isabalulekile nje nanamhla oku.



ULerato noKhanyisa bay a kwithala leencwadi elikufutshane nabo emva kokuphuma kwesikolo. Bayokwenza umsebenzi wabo wasekhaya wesikolo.

"Wenza ntoni namhlanje?" watsho ebuza uKhanyisa.

ULerato uphendule wathi, "Kufuneka ndiphande ngoSuku lwaBasetyhini. Inokuba yimbali nje ekruqulayo."



"Yinyaniso phofu leyo? Ayikruquli tu ke khona!" watsho uKhanyisa.

Waqhuba wathi, "Utitshala wethu wasinika lo msebenzi kwikota edlulileyo. Nam ndandiba iza kuba ngumsebenzi okruqulayo.

Kodwa khawume ndikuxelele endakufundayo ngolu Suku lwaBasyhini!"

"Ndimamele!" waphendula uLerato.



"Phambili phaya kwiminyaka yoo 1950 eMzantsi Afrika,
malunga nokuqala kocalucalulo," waqala njalo uKhanyisa.

"Urhulumente wocalucalulo wayefuna wonke umntu
ontsundu aphathe ipasi, incwadi yesazisi.

Urhulumente wobukoloniyalu wayesele esungule inkqubo
yepasi. Abantu abantsundu babengahambi
ngokukhululekileyo."



"Ukusukela ngomnyaka we1912 abasetyhini
babeqhankqalazela inkqubo yepasi eMzantsi Afrika.

Ngonyaka we1913 iqela labasetyhini elalikhokelwe
ngumama uCharlotte Maxeke latshisa amapasi abo phambi
kweeofisi zikaMasipala. Balwa namapolisa!"



"Ukusukela kurhulumente wobukoloniyalı ukuya
kurhulumente wocalucalulo, izinto zaya zisiba mbi
nangakumbi," watsho uKhanyisa.

"Ndiyabona, ungakhawuleza ke ngoku urike kwisiganeko
somhla wesi9 kweyeThupha 1956?" watsho uLerato bakufika
kwithala leencwadi.

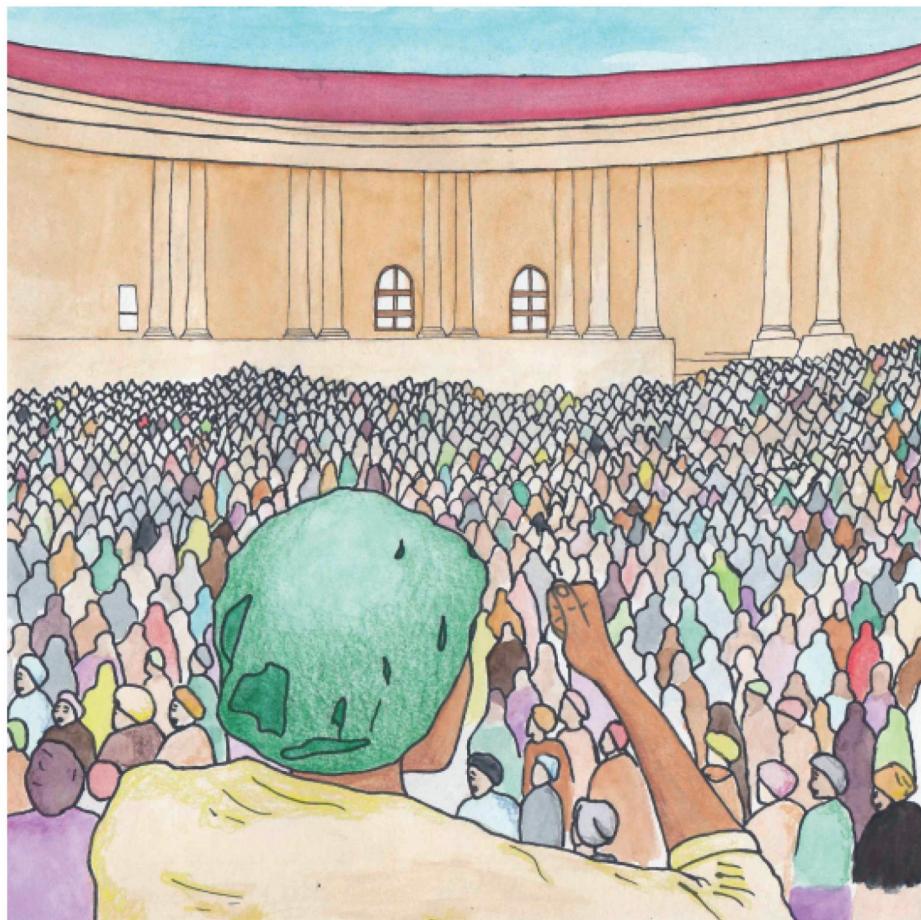
"Umele ukuba nombulelo ngolwazi lwam lwale mbali!"
watsho uKhanyisa.



Kwithala leencwadi bafika bahlala kwitafile eyayisekoneni.
Waqhubeka uKhanyisa wabalisa esebeza.

“Ngeminyaka yoo1950 ifuthe lemithetho yocalucalulo
lalibenza nzima kakhulu ubomi kumntu ontsundu.

Ubomi babunzima nangakumbi kwabasetyhini abantsundu.
Baqhankqalaza ngenxa yoko!” watsho uKhanyisa ethethela
phezulu



"Ngomnyaka we1956 abasetyhini baseMzantsi Afrika baququzelela imatshi bechasa imithetho emitsha yepasi eyayisenzelwa kanye abasetyhini.

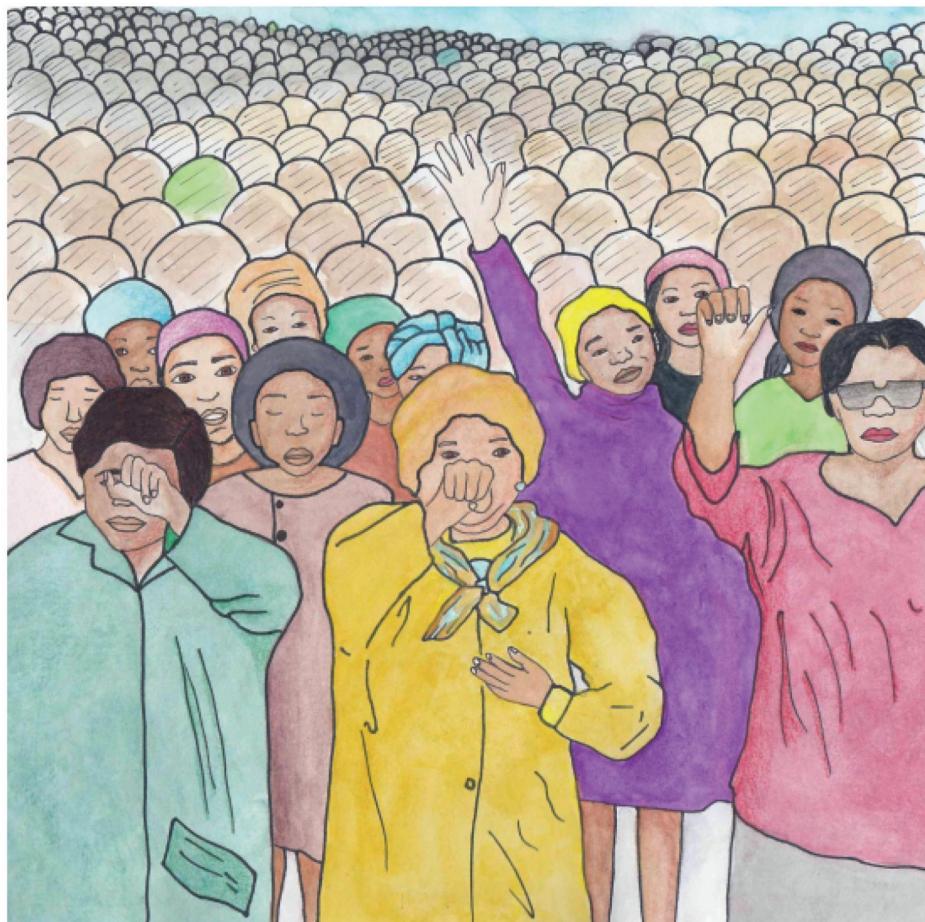
Le matshi yayilungiselelwe imini yomhla wesi9 kweyeThupha. Abasetyhini abantsundu nabamhlophe kwilizwe jikelele baye ePitoli kuqhankqalazo lwaBasetyhini, besingise kwiZakhiwo zoBumbano (*Union Buildings*)."



"Yayiyimini entle! Baba malunga nama 20 000 wabasetyhini abajoyina le matshi.

Ababekhokele le matshi, yayingu Lillian Ngoyi, Sophia Williams, Helen Joseph, Rahima Moosa kwakunye no Bertha Gxowa. Wonke umntu wayeqeqeshekile kwaye ezimisele.

Bahambisa izicelo ezibhaliweyo nezisesikweni ezingamawakawaka kurhulumente. Ezi zicelo zibhaliweyo zazingavumelani nemithetho yepasi."



"Ndiyabona, yintoni eyenzekayo emva koko?" wabuza uLerato. "Bema balinda inkulumbuso. Bema bezolile ixesha eliyimizuzu engama³⁰ belindile.

Abasetyhini abangamawaka angamashumi amabini, babenamandla! Akazange aphume ukuza kudibana nabo," waphendula uKhanyisa.

"Igwala!" wasebeza ngokubukhali uLerato.

"Bandula ukucula abasetyhini," utsho uKhanyisa.



"Bebambisene aba basetyhini babewazi amandla amazwi abo, kwakunye namandla okuthula kwabo," watsho ecacisa uKhanyisa.

"Bacula besithi, "Wathinta abafazi, Wathint' imbokodo, Uza kufa."



"Ukuhambela ePitoli kwabasetyhini lolona qhankqalazo lubalulekileyo kwimbali yethu.

Emva kwedemokhrasi umhla we9 kweyeThupha wenziwa iholide, usuku apha sithi sihloniphe abasetyhini, sibhiyozele inxaxheba yabo eluntwini.

Singabhiyozela nokuba abasetyhini benamalungelo amaninzi kunangaphambili," watsho ngeliqukumbelayo uKhanyisa.



ULerato wathi, "Kowu, inokuba wafumana uA kuloo msebenzi!

"Ewe, ndakhuthazwa ngabasetyhini abaninzi abamangalisayo nabananamandla kwimbali yethu. Ukukhalipha kwanempumelelo yabo ziyakhuthaza!" waphendula uKhanyisa.

Wongeza, "Lerato, thina sobabini singaba ngabasetyhini bexesha elizayo!"



—Imibuzo

1. Kwakutheni ukuze abasetyhini baqhankqalaze ngonyaka we1956?
2. Baqhankqalaza njani?
3. Zazingobani iinkokeli zolo qhankqalazo?
4. Phanda okunye onokukufumana nokuba kungowuphi wasetyhini kwezi nkokeli.
5. Yintoni inxaxheba yabasetyhini eluntwini?
Yintoni inxaxheba yootata? Chaza ukuba kutheni ucinga ngolo hlobo nje.
6. Fumanisa ngoomama abathathu abadumileyo nokuba ngabaphi ehlabathini.
Yintoni ebenza badume?
7. Chaza ukuba kutheni lunamandla nje umanyano.
8. Yeyiphi eminye yemingeni abahlangabezana nayo oomama base Mzantsi Afrika?



—Iincwadi ezikolu luhlu

- USuku loLutsha
- USuku IwaBasetyhini
- USuku loXolelwaniso
- USuku IwaBasebenzi
- USuku IwamaLungelo oLuntu
- USuku IweNkululeko
- USuku IwezaMafa



Eli bali liyilwe laze labhalwa njengenxaleny
yeprojekthi yeZenex Ulwazi Lwethu yezixhobo
zokufunda ka2020.