

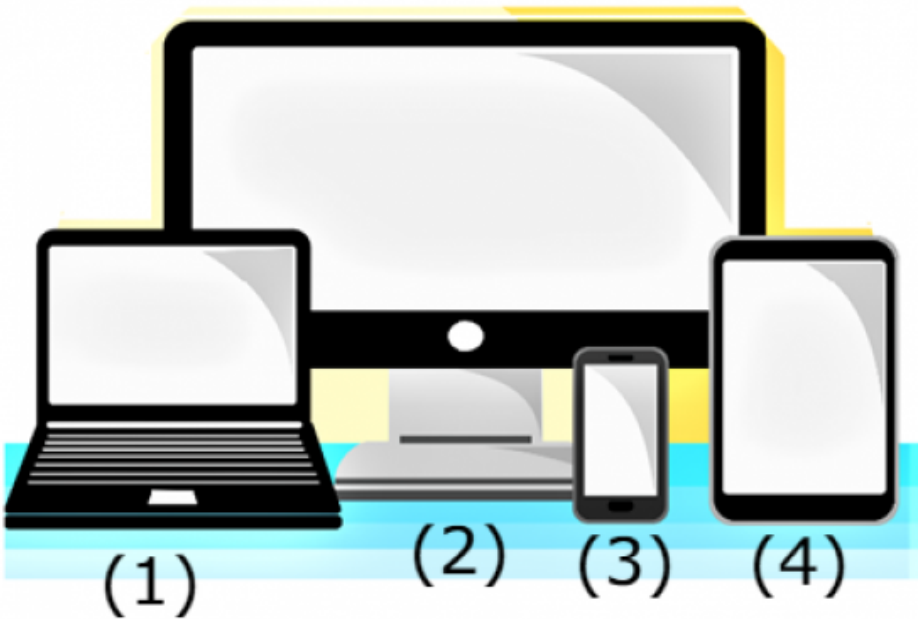


Khomphiutha ke eng?

Patricia Ndlovu

Pexels; Pixabay





Khomphiutha ke motšhini o o dirang ka tshedimosetso.

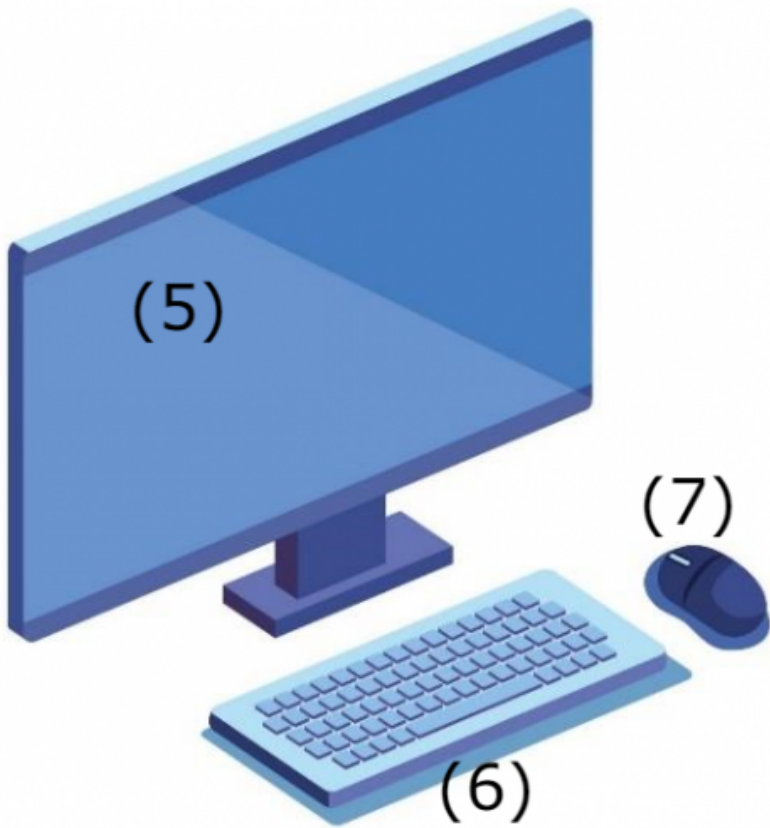
E ke mefuta e le mene ya dikhomphiutha:

Lepothopo (1)

Desebethopo (2)

Sematefounu (3)

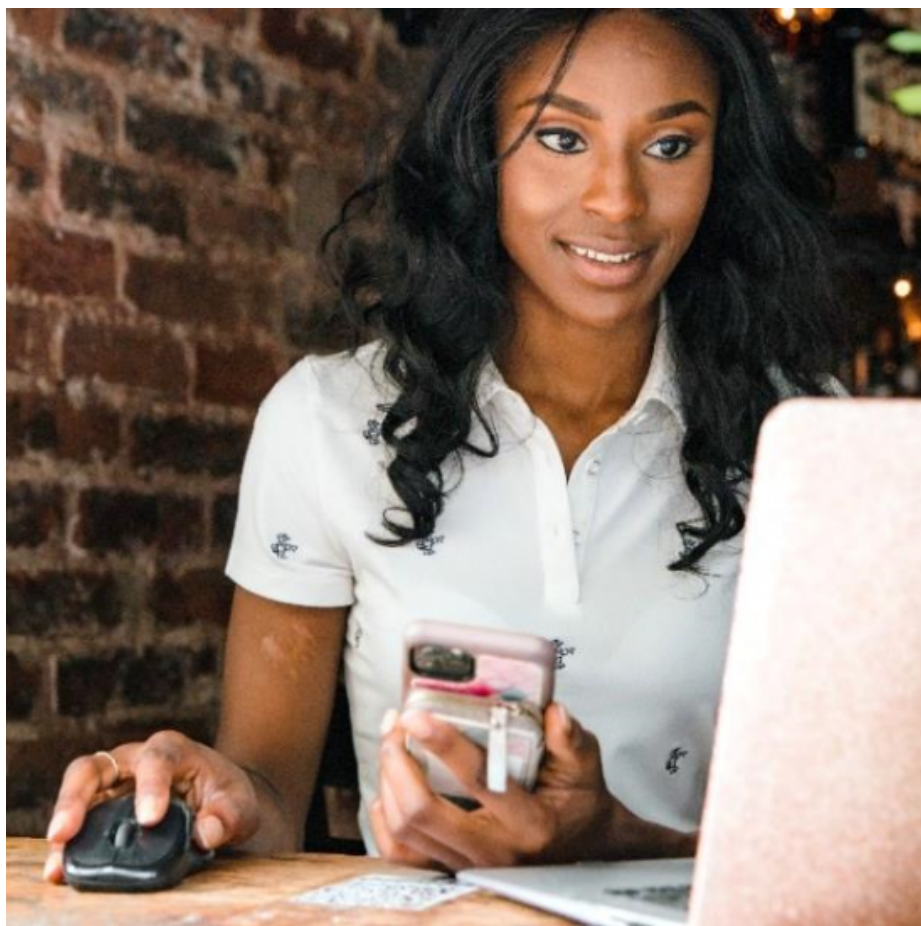
Thabolete (4)



O bogela tshedimosetso mo sekirining (5).

O tlanya tshedimosetso mo khiibotong (6).

O dirisa mmaoso (7) go go supetsa mo sekirining.



O sutisa mmaoso fa o ntse o bogela sekirini.

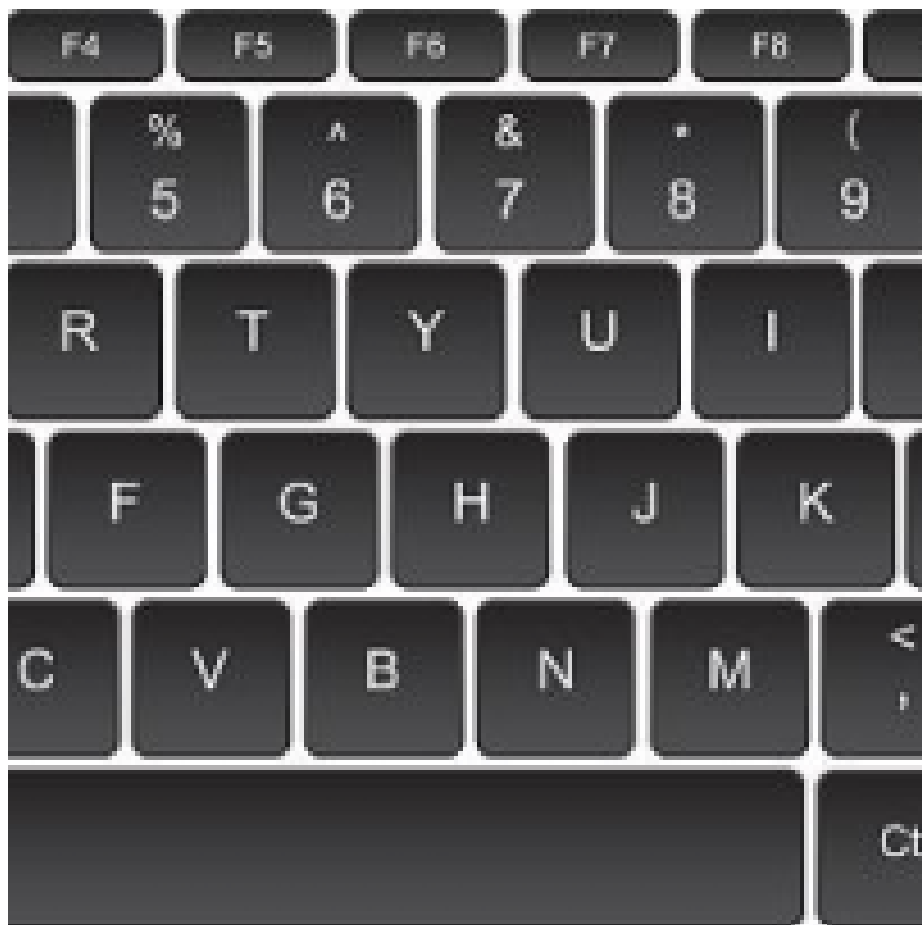
O tlopha tshedimosetso mo sekirining le go gatelela le go tobetsa mmaoso ka monwana.



Dikhomphiutha tsa lepothopo di na le thatšephele (8) mo boemong ba mmaoso.

Sutisa monwana go ralala thatšephele.

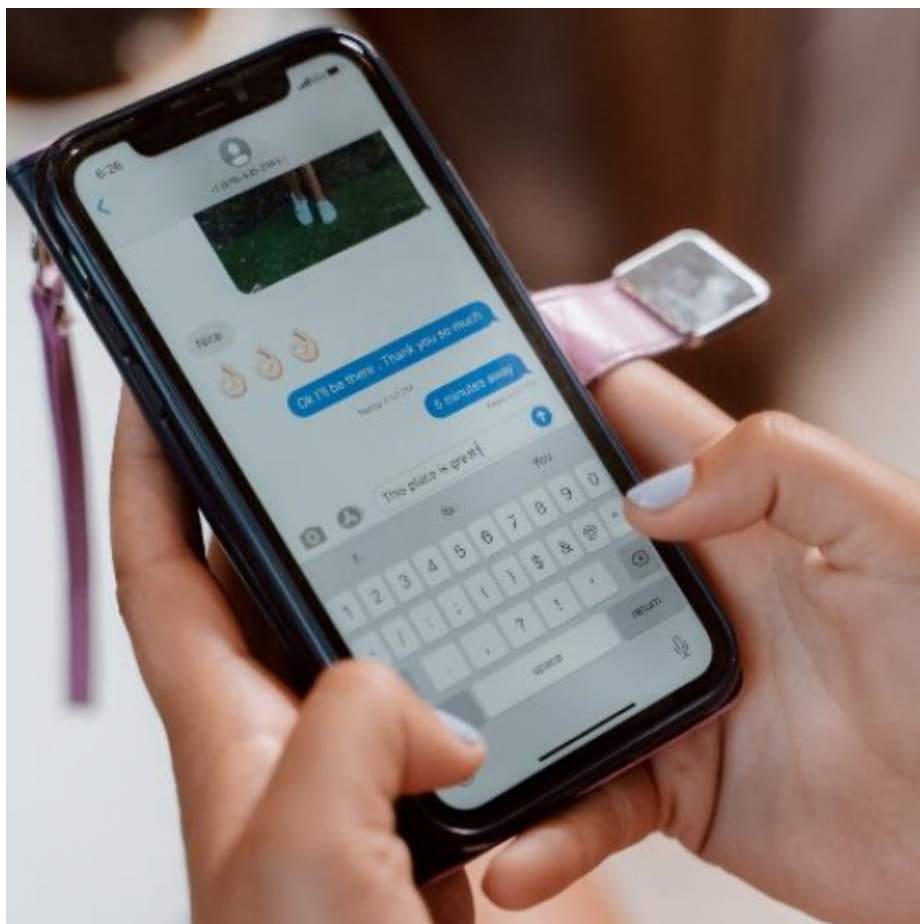
O gatelela go le gonnye go tobetsa mo tshedimosetsong.



Lebelela khiiboto le go batla dikonopo tsa:

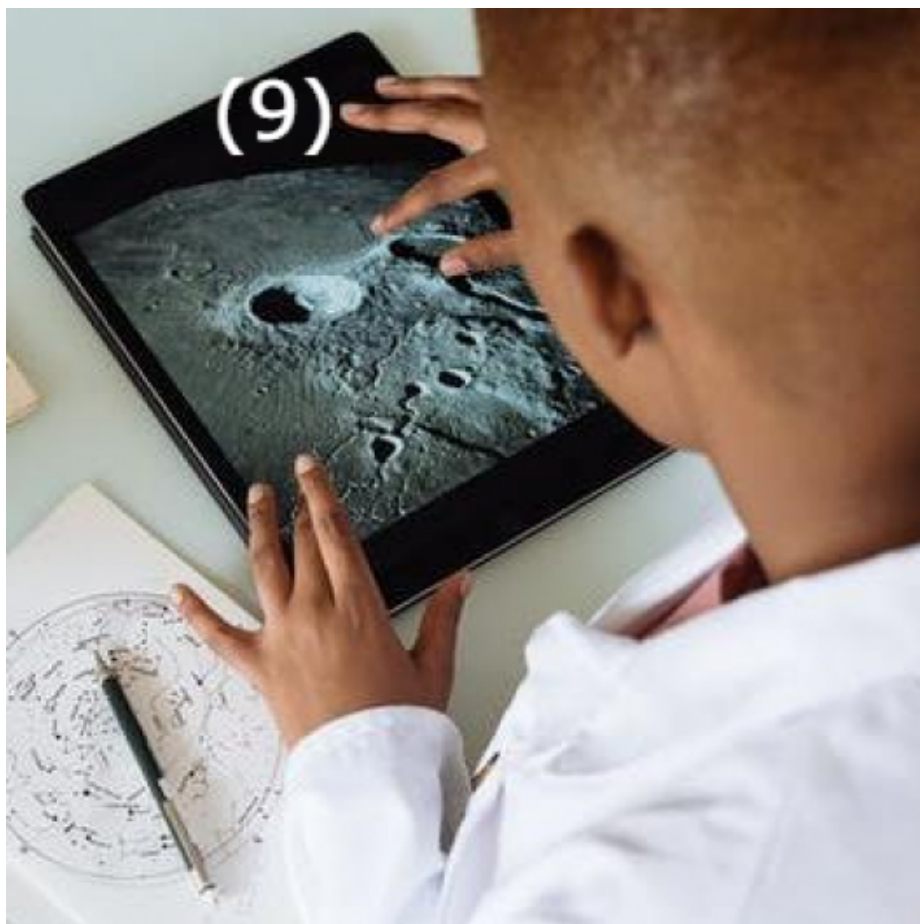
1. ditlhaka
2. dipalo
3. matshwaopuiso

Dikonopo tse, di go thusa go tlanya tshedimosetso mo khomphiutheng.



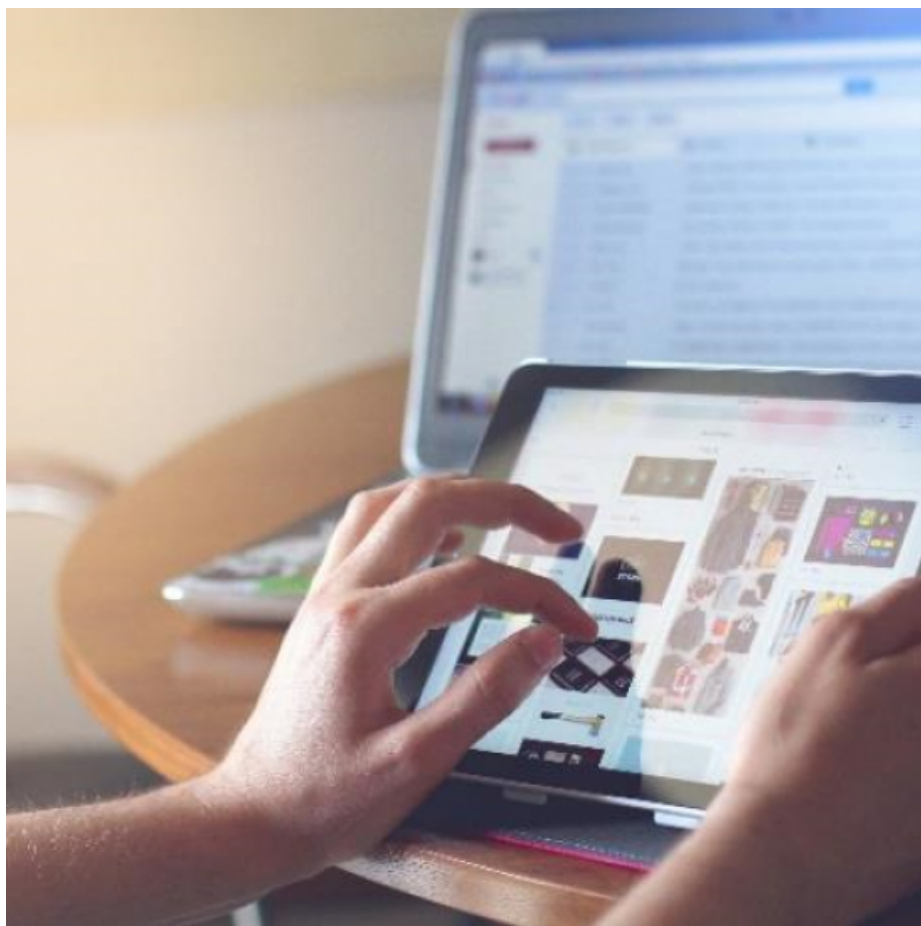
Lebelela khiiboto mo sematefounung se.

Mo sekerining sa sematefounu, o ka tlanya ka menwana ya gago ya kgonojwe.



Dikhomphiutha tse dingwe di na le sekirini se se amiwang (10). Sekao, dithabolete le sematefounu.

O dirisa monwana le wa kgonojwe go dira ka tshedimosetso mo sekirining se se amiwang.



Fa o sutisa monwana wa gago le kgonojwe ka phatlalatso, setshwantsho se nna segolo.

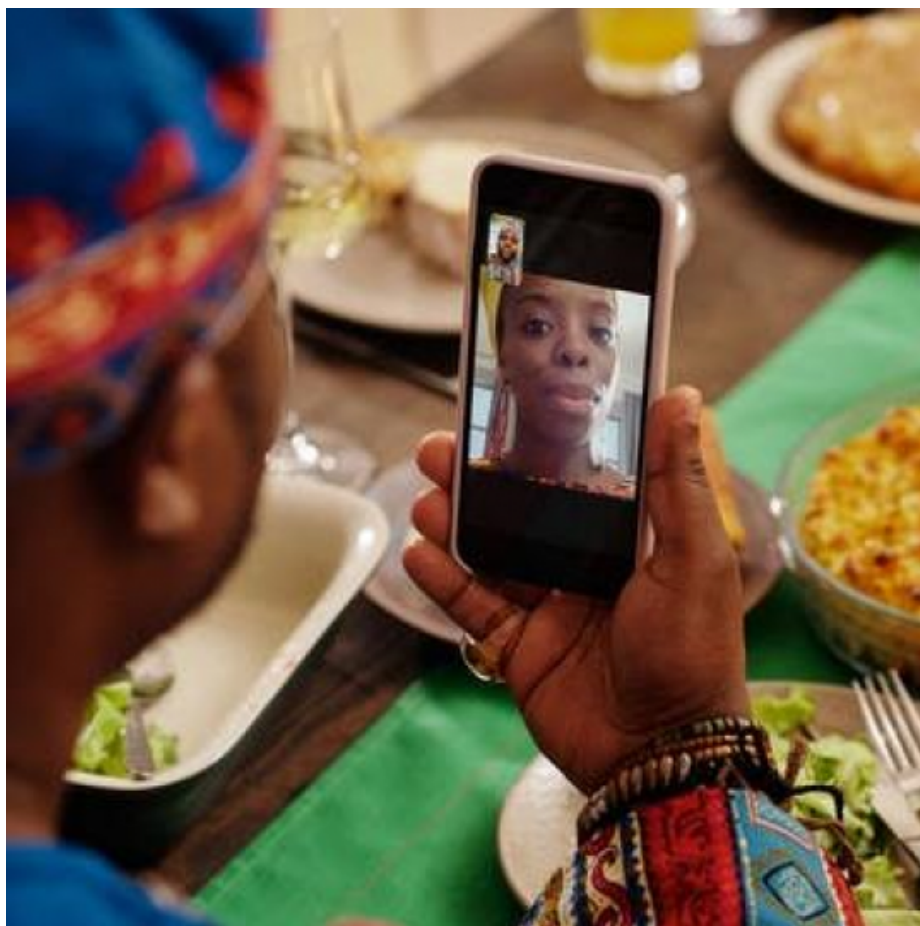
Fa monwana wa gago le kgonojwe di boela go kopana, setshwantsho se a nyenyefala.



Re dirisa dikhomphiutha fa re dira le go ithuta.

Re dirisa dikhomphiutha go tlhaeletsana.

Re dirisa dikhomphiutha go ithuta le boithabiso.



Leina le lengwe la khomphiutha ke sediriswa.

Ke sediriswa sefe se balelapa la gago ba se dirisang, go dira ditirwana dife?

—Dipotso



1. Kopolola setshwantsho mme o se kwale maina:
a. khiiboto. b. mmaoso. c. sekirini.
2. O dirisa karolo nngwe le nngwe, jang?
a. khiiboto? b. mmaoso? c. sekirini?
3. Ke mang yo o tthamileng khomphiutha ya ntlha?
4. Batla tshedimosetso ya gore khomphiutha ya ntlha e agilwe leng?
5. Re dirisa dikhomphiutha jang go dira tiro?

Buka e, ke nngwe ya metseletsele ya
dibuka tse nne tse di tlhagisang dintlha
ka thekonoloji ya khomphiutha.

Bukakanelo e tlhametswe porojeke ya
didiriswa tsa go buisa ya Zenex Ulwazi
Lwethu ya 2021.



Ulwazi Lwethu is a Zenex Foundation funded and initiated project to develop a series of graded and leisure African language readers and teacher support materials. This project is targeted at teaching and supporting learners in the Foundation Phase to improve their home language reading and understanding. The readers have been originated in nine African languages in collaboration with Molteno Institute for Language and Literacies, Nelson Mandela Institute for Education and Rural Development, Room to Read South Africa, and Saide. All resources are developed as Open Education Resources (OER).



basic education

Department:
Basic Education
REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA

*The Ulwazi Lwethu readers and storybooks have
been quality assured and approved by DBE.*

Your attribution should include the following:

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Assurer/s: Opelo Thole

Language: Setswana



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