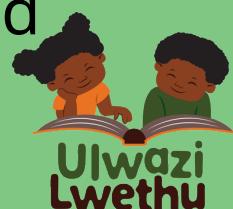




UMmakgabo Helen Sebidi nobuciko bakhe bokudweba

Refilwe Ramagoshi
Vusi Malindi



Le ndaba ixoxa ngomdwibi wakuleli
laseNingizimu Afrika odume umhlaba wonke.

Uma ufunu ukwazi ngomsebenzi wobuciko
bokudweba kufanele ufunde ngoMmakgabo
Helen Sebidi.

Indaba yakhe iqala mhla ezalwa ngonyaka
we-1943 endaweni yaseMarapyane
kusifundazwe saseMpumalanga.



Ngesikhathi esakhula uMmakgabo, ugogo wakhe wamfundisa imisebenzi eminingi.

Wafunda ukudweba imifanekiso ezindongeni zodaka nokudweba imifanekiso phansi ngobulongwe bezinkomo. Wafunda nokubumba izinkamba nokwenza imisebenzi yobuhlalu.



Ugogo uMetato waphinde wafundisa uMmakgabo ukunitha, ukuthunga nokufensa izindwangu.

UMmakgabo wayezalelwemndenini ompofu, ngakho-
ke kwadingeka ukuthi ayofuna umsebenzi
eseneminyaka eyishumi nesithupha.

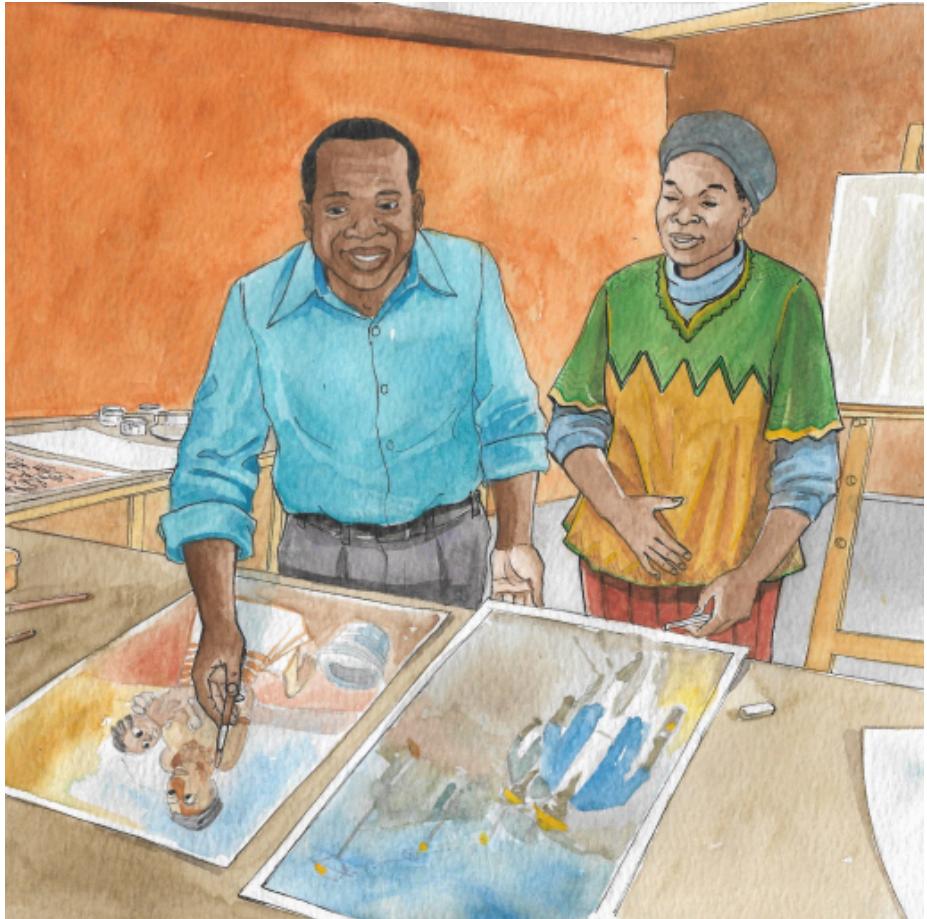
Wahamba waya eGoli wafike waqala khona
ukusebenza emakhishini.



Ngelinye ilanga uMmakgabo wazizwa efikelwa
uthando lomsebenzi wobuciko bokudweba
owawudwetshwe umqashi wakhe. Umqashi wabe
esemthengela opende ukupenda izithombe
ezidwetshiwe.

Waqhubeka nokwakha eyakhe imisebenzi.

Umqashi wakhe wamangala ukubona isiphiwo
ayenaso wase emgqugquzela ukuthi enze izifundo
zomsebenzi wokudweba izithombe.



UMmakgabo wabona ukuthi udinga ukuzihlalela phansi izifundo zakhe.

Waqala ukufunda endaweni yokufundela ukudweba ebizwa nge-*White Studio* eyayise-Sophiatown.

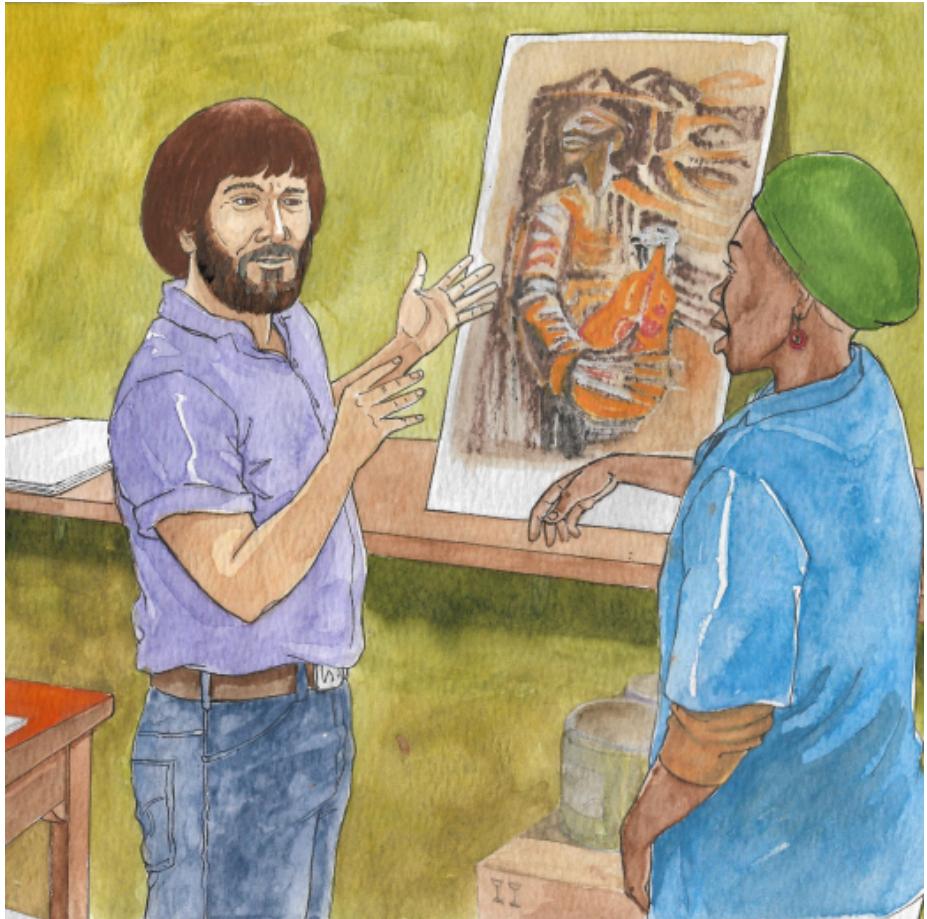
Uthisha wakhe kwakunguKeonakeefe Mohl naye owangumdwebi. Nguyenä owayefundisa uMmakgabo futhi emelekelela.



UMmakgabo wayethanda ukudweba izinto
wayezibona lapho akhulela khona eMarapyane.

Wayedweba amakhosikazi aphuma ekusokweni noma
ekulimeni emasimini.

Wayedweba izithombe azisusela empilweni
ejwayelekile azenze zibukeke sengathi ziyinto ephilayo.



UMmakgabo wahlangana no-Bill Ainslie naye
owayengumdwibi. Wamkhuthaza ukuthi adwebe
izithombe zezinto angakaze azibone.

Lokhu kwakwehlukile ekudwebeni izinto ayezibona
endaweni akhulela kuyona.

Wasebenza kanzima efunda ukudweba nokupenda
izithombe.



UMmakgabo wafundisa izingane ukudweba esikhungweni semisebenzi yezandla i-Katlegong Art Centre.

Waqqesha abadwebi abaningi ngesikhathi yena eqhubeka nokuthuthukisa ikhono lakhe lokudweba nokusebenzisa izinto ezihlukene.

Wayedayisa imisebenzi yakhe ngokuyikhangisa ihlangene neyabanye abadwebi.

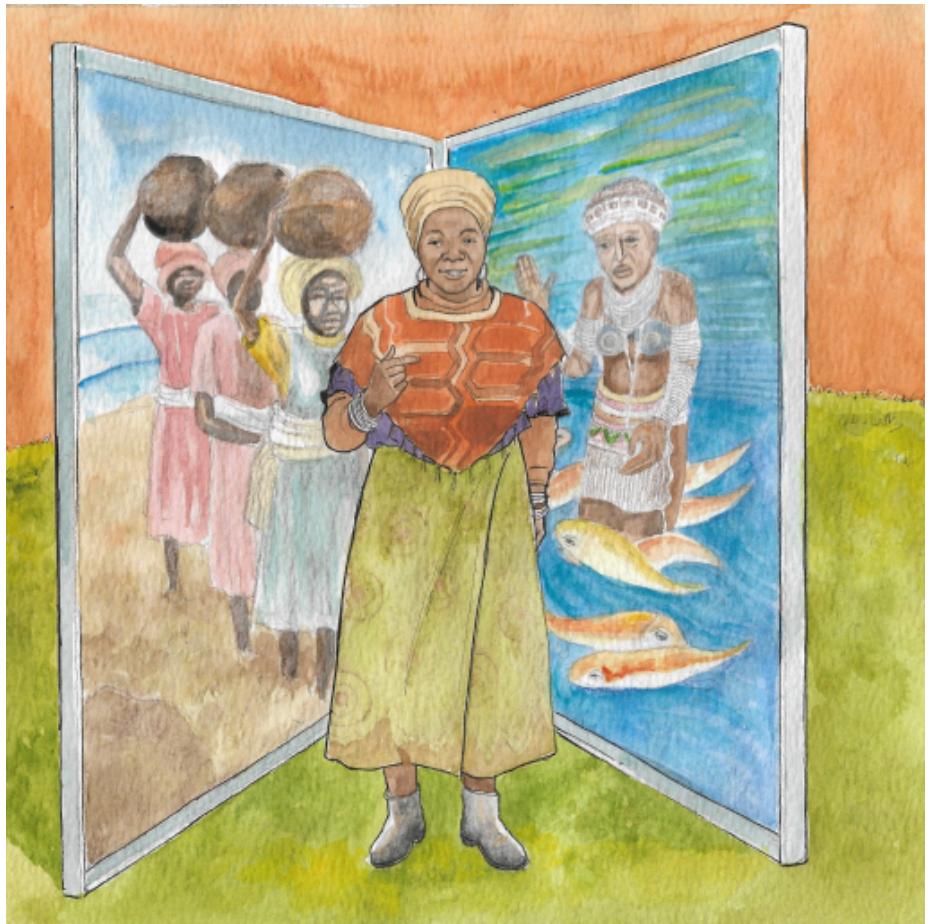


Imisebenzi kaMmakgabo iveza ubunzima bempilo emalokishini aseNingizimu Afrika nasezindaweni ezisemaphandleni.

Imisebenzi yakhe ithinta izimo zenhlalakahle nezepolitiki.

Ngesikhathi sobndlululo imisebenzi yakhe yayiveza ukuhlupheka kwabantu abaNsundu.

Esinye sezithombe zakhe ezidume kakhulu yileso esibizwa ngokuthi *i-Tears of Africa* wasidweba ngonyaka we-1988.



Ngonyaka we-1986 uMmakgabo waqala ukukhangisa imisebenzi yakhe eyedwa.

Waba ngowokuqala wesifazane ukukhangisa umsebenzi wakhe eyedwa eNingizimu Afrika.

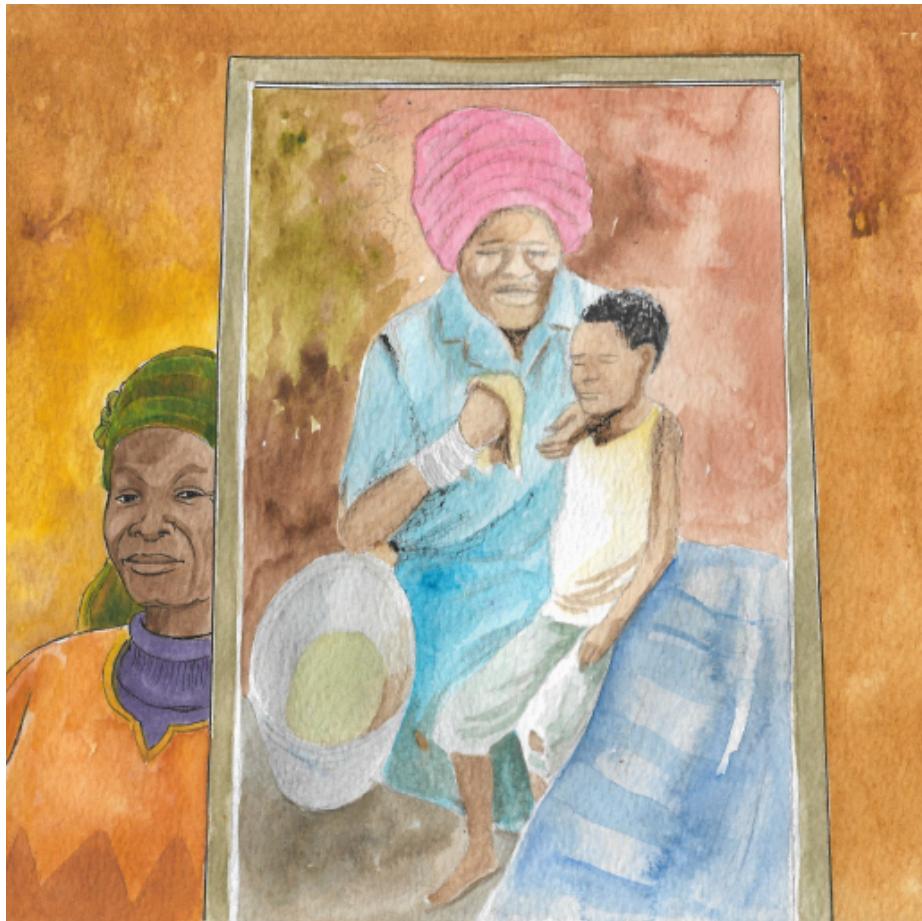
Lokhu kukhangisa kwaba impumelelo enkulu. Kwakubizwa ngokuthi 'amaqiniso angabonwa ngamehlo'. Waduma kakhulu ngalesi sitayela sakhe sokudweba.



Wazuza umfundaze obizwa nge-*Fullbright Scholarship* ukuyoqhuba izifundo zakhe eMelika.

Lo mfundaze wamsiza ngokuthi agxile emsebenzini wakhe wobuciko futhi azithuthukise.

Imisebenzi yakhe yakhangisa eYurophu, naseMelika.



Imisebenzi kaMmakgabo edwetshiwe nependiwe
kukhangiswe ngayo ezindaweni zokukhangisa
imisebenzi yobuciko emhlabeni wonke jikelele.

Ungumdwebi ohlonishwayo futhi olalelwayo.

Ngenxa yemisebenzini yakhe yobuciko bokudweba,
uMmakgabo wazuza indondo kaMongameli
iKhamanga ngonyaka we-1994.



Waqinisekisa ukuthi ungaba yinoma yini othanda ukuba yiyyona.

Ukulalela ugogo wakhe kwamsiza ekutheni aphumelele.

UMmakgabo wathi, "Ugogo owaphila waze waba neminyaka eyi-115, nguyenya owangifundisa konke lokhu engikwaziyo namhlanje."

—Imibuzo

1. Yini ugogo kaMmakgabo amfundisa yona?
2. Waqala kanjani uMmakgabo ukudweba izithombe?
3. Ucabanga ukuthi yini eyayenza aphumelele emsebenzini wakhe wokudweba?
4. Ngabe yini oyithandayo ngoMama Sebidi?
5. Dweba noma upende isithombe sento noma somuntu obalulekile kuwe.
6. Ingabe uyakholelwa ukuthi 'ungaba yilokho ofuna ukuba yikho'? Chaza impendulo yakho.
7. Thola mayelana nanoma yeziphi izigcweti ezidumile emhlabeni.
8. Ingabe ubuciko bubalulekile? Chaza impendulo yakho.

Le ndaba yabhalwa ngolimi lweTshivenda
njengenye yezinsiza zokufunda zeprojekthi
yeZenex Ulwazi Lwethu ezabhalwa ngonyaka
wezi-2021.



Ulwazi Lwethu is a Zenex Foundation funded and initiated project to develop a series of graded and leisure African language readers and teacher support materials. This project is targeted at teaching and supporting learners in the Foundation Phase to improve their home language reading and understanding. The readers have been originated in nine African languages in collaboration with Molteno Institute for Language and Literacies, Nelson Mandela Institute for Education and Rural Development, Room to Read South Africa, and Saide. All resources are developed as Open Education Resources (OER).



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basic education

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Basic Education
REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA

*The Ulwazi Lwethu readers and storybooks have
been quality assured and approved by DBE.*

Your attribution should include the following:

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Illustrator/s: Vusi Malindi

Language: isiZulu



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