



Gcina Mhlophe, moanegi wa makgona

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Kanegelo ye e bolela ka Nokugcina Mhlophe.

O belegwe ka ngwaga wa 1958, go la KwaZulu-Natal. O godišitšwe ke koko wa gagwe.

Koko wa gagwe o be a fela a mo anegela dikanegelo ka SeZulu. O anegetše Gcina dikanegelo tše dintši kudu go tloga bjaneng bja gagwe.



Koko wa gagwe o be a kgona go mo anegela dikanegelo ka tsela ye a bego a bile a bona seswantšho ka monaganong wa gagwe.

Gcina o be a theeletša gabotse ge koko wa gagwe a mo anegela kanegelo.

Erile ge Gcina a na le mengwaga ye lesome, mmagwe a mo tšea a yo dula le yena Kapa Bohlabela.



Gcina o goletše moo go bego go se na dilo tša boithabišo, le thelebišene e se gona. Go goleng ga gagwe, Gcina o be a rata go bala dipuku.

O ile a thoma go ngwala dikanegelo le direto ka SeXhosa.

Godimo ga moo, o be a hlokomela dithuto tša gagwe ebile a thuša kerekeng.



Ka letšatši le lengwe, moruti le mosadi wa gagwe ba ile ba mo laletša gore a tle motseng wa bona.

Letšatšing le le latelago morago ga dijo tša mesong, moruti a kgopela Gcina gore a ye le yena kopanong ya mo motseng.

Kopano e be e ile go swarelwa ka mošate.



Kopanong go be go bolelwa ka taba ya go re dikgomo di dumelelwe go fula ka mašamong a mabele.

Gona moo kopanong o ile a bona monna yo a bego a apere diaparo tša go taga tša setšo.

Monna yo e be e le *imbongi*. *Imbongi* ke motho yo a retago le go opela direto le dikoša tša setšo meletlong ya SeAfrika.



Gcina o ile a kgahlwa ke ka mokgwa woo imbongi a bego a šomiša bokgoni bja gagwe le polelo. O ile a tsebišwa go kgoši le *imbongi*.

E rile ge imbongi a mo dumediša ka seatla, a ikwa eke ke moreti.

Ke mo Gcina a tšerego sephetho sa go ba moreti.



Gcina o ile a hudugela Johannesburg ka ngwaga wa 1979, mo a šomilego bjalo ka mothuši wa ka ntlong. O be a hlokomela bana ba bane ba go seleka.

Ka letšatši le lengwe, o ile a tšea sephetho sa go ba anegela kanegelo gore ba homole.

Kanegelo e be e bolela ka *Nanabuhlele*, lekgema le legolo la mebalabala, la go dula ka meetseng.



O be a sa tsebe ge e le gore bana ba tlo rata dikanegelo tša gagwe tša SeAfrika, efela ge a fetša ba be ba goeletša, "Re anegele ye nngwe!"

O ile a tšea sephetho sa go thoma go ngwala dikanegelo.

O be a nyaka go hlohleletša kgahlego ya bana dikanegelong tša bokoko wa bona.



O ile a thoma go ngwala dipuku tša bana, dipapadi,
dikanegelo tše dintši le direto.

Ye nngwe ya dikanegelo tša gagwe tša mathomo e
bile, *My Dear Madam*.

Kanegelo ye e bolela ka bophelo bja gagwe bjalo ka
mothuši wa ka ntlong.

Ye nngwe kanegelo ye bohlokwa nakong ye e bile *Love
Child*, ye e bolelago ka bophelo bja Gcina.



Gcina o be a nyaka go šireletša bokgabo bja go anega dikanegelo. Ka kgopolo ya maikemišetšo ao, a thoma *Zanendaba Institute*.

Zanendaba ke lentšu la Sezulu leo le hlalošago gore 'etla le ditaba' goba 'nkanegele kanegelo.'

Zanendaba Institute e hlahla batho bao ba nago le kgahlego ya go anega le go ngwala dikanegelo.



Gcina o ile a thoma lesolo la *Nozincwadi Mother of Books* ka ngwaga wa 2001.

Gcina o hlohleletša go bala ka go anega dikanegelo le go ngwala dipuku tša bana.

O ile a thoma go etela mafelo a magaeng ka Afrika Borwa go lemoša batho ka bohlokwa bja go bala.

Sekolo se sengwe le se sengwe seo a bego a se etela o be a ba fa dipuku tša bokgobapuku.



Gcina o tšeele karolo ya go ba moanegwathwadi papading ya go thopa sefoka ya go bitšwa, *Have you seen Zandile?*

Papadi ye e bolela ka mosetsanyana wa go dula le koko wa gagwe go la Durban, gomme mmago Zandile a mo tšea a mo iša Kapa Bohlabela.

Gcina o ngwetše papadi ye a lebišitše go maitemogelo a gagwe.



Ge a bolela ka mošomo wa gagwe, Nokugcina
Mhlophe o rile:

“Ke anega dikanegelo gore ke tsošološe dikanegelo tša batho ba bangwe, gobane ke dumela ka nnete gore motho yo mongwe le yo mongwe yoo a phelago, o na le kanegelo yeo a ka e anegago.’

Na o na le kanegelo yeo o ka re anegelago yona?

—Dipotšišo

1. Na Gcina Mhlophe ke mang?
2. Ke eng seo se dirilego gore Gcina a nyake go ba sereti?
3. Ke eng seo se dirilego gore Gcina a thome go ngwala dikanegelo?
4. Nyaka kanegelo ya go ngwalwa ke Gcina gomme o e balele godimo.
5. Ngwala kanegelo ka ga tiragalo yeo e kilego ya go hlagela bophelong bja gago.
6. Ke ka lebaka la eng o nagana gore go bala go bohlokwa?
7. Ke mediro efe ye o e dirago ka nako ya gago ya boiketlo?
8. Na ke bokgoni bofe bjo o nyakago go gopolwa ka bjona?

—Kanegelo ye e hlamilwe le go ngwalwa ka polelo ya Tshivenda, bjalo ka karolo ya protšeke ya Zenex Ulwazi Lwethu ya ngwaga wa 2021.



Ulwazi Lwethu is a Zenex Foundation funded and initiated project to develop a series of graded and leisure African language readers and teacher support materials. This project is targeted at teaching and supporting learners in the Foundation Phase to improve their home language reading and understanding. The readers have been originated in nine African languages in collaboration with Molteno Institute for Language and Literacies, Nelson Mandela Institute for Education and Rural Development, Room to Read South Africa, and Saide. All resources are developed as Open Education Resources (OER).



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