



Incwadi le ikhuluma ngodorhoda weSewula
Afrika igama lakhe nguBongani Mawethu Mayosi.

Wabe anguSosayensi owathola izinto
eziqakathekileko ngobulwele behliziyo.



UBongani wabelethwa ngomnyaka we- 1967, wabelethelwa eMthatha nge-Eastern Cape eSewula Afrika.

Wayokufunda isikolo esigodini seNgqamakhwe.

Unina likaBongani wabe alinese, uyise angudorhodera.



Qobe lilanga nabasekhaya nababuya emsebenzini,
ababelethi bakaBongani bebakhuluma ngomsebenzi wabo.

Waba nekareko emirarweni yezamaphilo, nekusizeni
abantu.

Ngokuzwa ngomsebenzi wababelethi bakhe, uBongani
waba nekareko kuSayensi yezamaPhilo.



Esikolweni, uBongani wabe athanda iimBalo neSayensi yePilo.

Wasebenza ngamandla kilezomfundo ngombana wabe afuna ukuba ngudorhodera.

Ngemva kokuqeda amabanga aphezulu esikolweni, wakhamba wayokufunda eYunivesithi yakwaZulu Natal neCape Town. Wabe amfundi ohlakaniphileko.



Ngesimanga sokuhlakanipha kwakhe, uBongani wathumba umfundaze waragela phambili nokuyokufunda eYunivesithi ye-Oxford e-England.

Wafunda godu ne-Amerika. Ngemuva kwalokho wabuyela eSewula Afrika ukobana ayokusebenza njengodorhoda.

Wabe angudorhoda onomusa nonomoya ophasi, owabe azithanda iingulani zakhe.



Akhange kuthathe isikhathi ngaphambi kobana uBongani akhambe godu abuyele ngaphetjheya.

Wabe afuna ukufunda khudlwana ngeengcenyehliziyo.

Ikhadiyoloji ziimfundo zehliziyo namalwele athinta ihliziyo.

UBongani wabe ngudorhoda wehliziyo.



UDorh. Mayosi wasebenza nabanye abarhubhululi
ngaphetjheya. Bathola into eqakatheke khulu.

Abarhubhululi laba bathola nokobana kubayini abantu
baphathwa bulwele behliziyo.

Lokhu abakutholako kwabe kuqakatheke khulu
kibodorhoderi ephasini mazombe.



UBongani wabuyela eSewula Afrika anelwazi lezazi zokwelapha.

Wasebenza noNgqongqotjhe wezamaPhilo wenarha le begodu wanikela iiyeleliso mayelana nemiraro yezamaphilo yenarha.

Ibhudango lakhe kwabe kukubona iinarha ze-Afrika zizirarululela imiraro yazo yezamaphilo ngokusebenzisa iSayensi.



UBongani wabe azethemba njengoSosayensi we-Afrika.
Irhubhululo lakhe lalokho akutholako labe liqakatheke kizo
zoke iinarha ephasini mazombe.

ISewula Afrika yagidinga umsebenzi nepumelelo yakhe.

Lalela-ke, iSewula Afrika yamhlonipha ngonongorwana
ophezulu khulu weSayensi obizwa ngokuthiwa yi-*Order of
Mapungubwe*.



UBongani wabe anguPhrofesa weKhadiyoloji eYunivesithi yeCape Town (i-UCT).

Ngeemfundiso zakhe, wabelana ngelwazi analo nabafundi bakhe.

Wabe azwisisa imiraro yabafundi abanengi. Wakhuthaza abodorhoda abasesebancani nabanye ebebafundela iSayensi yezamaPhilo.



UProfesa Mayosi waphakanyiselwa esikhundleni sokuba yihloko kumaSayensi wezamaPhilo e-UCT.

Wabe asoloko amatasatasa ngomsebenzi. Bekangutitjhere, amrhubhululi begodu amdosiphambili.

UBongani Mayosi abantu abanengi bamkhumbula njengesibonelo esihle.



Umsanyana obuya emakhaya, waba mdosiphambili kuSayensi yamaPhilo eYunivesithi yeSewula Afrika ekhamba phambili.

Waba ngusolwazi weentjhabatjhaba kumaSayensi wamaPhilo.

UBongani wazuza okunengi khulu epilweni yakhe, kodwana wabe asoloko azithobile.



Nasifunda ngeSayensi, singakhumbula uDorh. Mayosi.

Singagidinga ipumelelo yakhe nokhunye okunengi akuzuza kwabanye abosolwazi bama-Afrika.

Begodu singagidinga ngegugu lelwazi lama-Afrika.



—Imibuzo

1. Ngubani ococa indatjana le? Indatjana yona ikhuluma ngobani?
2. Wathoma nini uBongani ukuba nekareko kezamaphilo nakusayensi begodu kubayini?
3. Iyini 'ikhadiyoloji'? Iyini 'ikhadiyolojisti'?
4. Ayini "amaSayensi wezamaPhilo"? Thola okunengi ngomsebenzi owenziwa kuSayensi yezamaPhilo.
5. NjengosoSayensi wezamaPhilo neKhadiyolojisti, uBongani bekawusiza njani umphakathi?
6. Thola ilwazi ngabanye abosoSayensi abathathu be-Afrika.
7. Mihlobo miphi yemiraro yekuhlalisaneni enikhuluma ngayo ekhaya?
8. Hlathulula bona ifundo ingakusiza bunjani ukobana urarulule imiraro yekuhlalisaneni le.



—Iincwadi eziselungelungeni leli

- U-Andile Mji
- U-Asnath Mahapa
- UBongani Mayosi
- UCharlotte Maxeke
- UMmantsane Moche Diale
- UMulalo Doyoyo
- UTebello Nyokong
- UTshilidzi Marwala



Indatjana le yathanywa begodu yatlolwa ngelimi
lesiXhosa njengengcenywe yephrojekthi yeZenex
Ulwazi Lwethu yeencwadi ezingafundwa ngo-2020.